





# CUETUG Previous Year Question Paper 2022

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# CUET UG

**Previous Year Question Paper** 

2022

Section II Chemistry



Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

Identify the correct statement out of the following:

- A Women form the majority of workforce in India
- B Men account for one-third of the rural workforce
- C Self employment is a major source of livelihood for both men and woman
- D Casual employment is a major source of livelihood for both men and woman

## **Section Name:**ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS **Ouestion:**

Non-farm economy has several segments in it: Some possess dynamic linkages that permit healthy growth while others are in subsistence, low productivity propositions, which of the following are not examples of dynamic linkages in non-farm economy?

- A Food processing
- B Handlooms
- C Tourism
- D Leather industry

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

Which of the following is not one of the indicators of Human Developments:

A Income indicator

B Liberty indicator

C Political stability indicator

D Health Indicator

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

Arrange the following statements relating to investment in the correct sequence

- A. To meet this extra demand the producer sells goods worth ₹600 from his stock
- B. A producer's planned investment for the year is ₹1000
- C. There is an unforeseen increase in demand for the producer's goods in the market
- D. Therefore, at the end of accounting year the producer's inventory goes up by ₹400 only

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

A D, C, B, A

B B, A, C, D

C A, B, C, D

D B, C, A, D

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

When marginal propensity to save falls, the aggregate demand curve:

A Swings downwards

B Swings upwards

C Shifts downwards

D Shifts upwards



Question: Match list I with list II

List I	List II	
A. European union	I. Attracted foreign investments	
B. Commune system	II. Collective cultivation of land	
C. Special Economic zones	III. Regional Grouping	Choose the correct answer from the option given below:
D. Income indicator	IV. Gross domestic product per	A A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV  B A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
		C A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
	capita	D A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS Question:

Which of the following statements are correct regarding GST:

- A. It has unified tax system in India
- B. This law came into effect in 2010
- C. It has ensured better compliance on the part of tax payers
- D. It is a part of trade reforms undertaken by government

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A A & B only

B B & D only

C A & C only

D B & C only

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#### **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Who is known as the architect of Indian Economic planning?

A Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru

B P.C. Mahalanobis

C Dadabhai Naoroji

D C.R Das

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#### **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

**Section Name:**ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS **Question:** 

Arrange the following in chronological order

- A. First census of India
- B. Year of great divide
- C. Opening of Suez canal
- D. Introduction of railways
- E. Incorporation of TISCO

Chose the correct answer from the options given below

A A, B, C, D, E

B E, D, C, B, A

C D, C, A, E, B

**D** A, C, D, B, E

#### Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

#### Question:

After the initiation of reforms, the growth rate of agriculture sector decelerated to about 3 percent per annum during 1991 - 2012. Which of the following is a major reason for the above?

- A Growth in alternate employment opportunities
- B Enhancement of infrastructural facilities
- C Increasing formalisation of employment
- D Decline in public investment since 1991

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question: Match list I with list II

List I	List II	
A. Appiko movement	I. Kerala	
B. ACCORD	II. Ahmedabad	
C. SEWA	III. Nilgiris	Choose the correct answer from the option given below:  A A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV
D. Kudumbashree	IV. Karnataka	B A-IV, B-I, C-III, D-II C A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III
		D A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I

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#### **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Match list I with list II

List I	List II
A. Operation Flood	I. Milk
B. Montreal protocol	II. Chlorofluorocarbons
C. Kashtakari Sanghatan	III. Tribal healthcare
D. Prakruti	IV. Cotton

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A A-I, B-II, C-IV, D-III

B A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

C A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I

D A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Assume that country A offers 10% rate of interest on government bonds whereas country B offers 12% rate of interest on government bonds. How will currencies of both countries respond?

- A Country A's currency will depreciate and B's currency will appreciate
- B Country A's currency will appreciate and B's currency will depreciate
- C Both currencies will appreciate in value
- D Devaluation of country B's currency

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS Question:

Domestic income is equal to:

- A. GDP<sub>MP</sub> Depreciation Indirect taxes
- B. NNP<sub>FC</sub> Net factor income from Abroad
- C. GDP<sub>MP</sub> Depreciation Indirect taxes +Subsidy
- D. GNP<sub>FC</sub>- Depreciation + Net factor income from Abroad

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A B & D only

B A only

C B & C only

D A, B, & C only

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS Question:

Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- A As MPC rises, value of investment multiplier decreases
- B As MPC rises, value of investment multiplier increases
- C As MPS falls, value of investment multiplier increases
- D Lowest value of investment multiplier is 1

#### Question:

Arrange the following statements in the proper sequence concerning the stages of transformation of a final good

- A. The yarn is sold to a textile mill where it is transformed into cloth
- B. The shirts are sold to the consumers for final use
- C. A farmer producing cotton sells it to a spinning mill where raw cotton is transformed into yarn
- D. Cloth is bought by a tailoring firm and is transformed into shirts

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A C, D, A, B

B A, B, C, D

C C, A, D, B

D B, D, C, A

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- A In both India and Pakistan, the service sector is emerging as major player of development
- B In 1980's China had the maximum proportion of its workforce in the service sector relative to India and Pakistan
- C In the last four decades, the growth of agriculture sector has declined in India, China and Pakistan.
- D China's growth is mainly contributed by the manufacturing and service sector

**Section Name:**ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS **Question:** 

The Valmiki Ambedkar Awas Yojana aims at:

- A Improving nutritional status of poor
- B Affordable housing
- C Providing education to girl child
- D Self employment

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Identify the correct order of the events in which they occurred:

- A. Removal of quantitative restriction on imports of manufactured goods
- B. Indian Parliament passed a law, Goods & Services act
- C. Establishment of GATT
- D. WTO founded as successor organisation to GATT

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A C, A, D, B

B B, A, D, C

C A, C, D, B

D C, D, A, B

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Scarcity of resources implies:

A Demand for resources is equal to supply of resources

B Demand for resources is less than supply of resources

C Demand for resources is more than supply of resources

D Demand for resources is equal to or less than supply of resources

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

The slope of Aggregate supply curve is

 $\mathbf{A}$ 

 $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{0}$ 

C Infinite

D More than 1

## 1

#### **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Which of the following is not an assumption of the law of Diminishing Marginal Utility?

- A MU of money remains constant
- B Prices of different commodities are equal
- C Consumer is rational
- D MU of commodity can be expressed in terms of money

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#### **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

**Section Name:**ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS **Question:** 

Arrange the following events in their correct order of occurrence:

- A. Great Leap Forward (GLF) was initiated
- B. Reforms were introduces in China
- C. Establishment of People's Republic of China
- D. The great Proletarian Culture Revolution was introduced

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A A, B, C, D

B A, C, B, D

C A, D, B, C

D C, A, D, B

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#### **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

The Rural Employment Generation Program (REGP) is implemented by:

- A Regional Rural Bonds
- B Small Industries Development Bank of India
- C Khadi and Village Industries commission
- D Planning commission

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Change of inventories of a firm during a year can be estimated as:

- A Production of the firm during the year Production of the firm in previous year
- B Production of the firm during the year sale of firm in last year
- C Opening stock Closing Stock
- D Production during the year sale of the firm during the year

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

The term "Operating surplus" in national income accounting includes

- A. COE
- B. Rent + Interest
- C. Profit
- D. Royalty
- E. Rent and Royalty + Interest
- A B and C only
- B B, C and D only
- C A, D and E only
- D E only

Question:

defines sustainable development as:

Development that meets the need of the present generation without compromising the ability of the future generation to meet their own needs

- A Herman Daly
- B Brundtland commission
- C United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED)
- D World Health Organisation

## 1

#### **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

The index of prices of a given basket of commodities which are bought by the representative consumer is termed as:

A Wholesale Price Index

B Consumer Price Index

C GDP deflator

D Producer Price Index

#### Match list I with list II

List I	List II	
A. NDP at FC	I. NDP at MP + Net factor income from abroad - Net Indirect tax	
B. GNP at MP	II. NDP at MP -Net Indirect tax	
C. NNP at FC	III. NDP at MP + Depreciation +Net factor income from abroad	
D. GDP at MP	IV. NDP at MP + Depreciation	

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A A-I, B-III, C- II, D-IV

B A-II, B-III, C- I, D-IV

C A-II, B-I, C- IV, D-III

D A-IV, B-II, C- III, D-I

**Section Name:**ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS **Question:** 

Money received by the way of sale of shares in Public Sector Undertakings which is referred to as PSU disinvestment -

- A Reduce the total assets of the government
- B Increase the total assets of the government
- C Reduce the total liabilities of the government
- D Increase the total liabilities of the government

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## **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

	ction Name:ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS
_	refers to the excess of government's revenue expenditure over
re	venue receipts
A	Fiscal deficit
В	Revenue deficit
C	Primary deficit
D	Balanced budget

Qu	estion Name:ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS lestion: le ability of the environment to absorb degradation is termed as
A	Carrying capacity
В	Threshold point
C	Absorptive capacity
D	Opportunity cost

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Identify which among the following is not a part of the feature of secondary healthcare institutions:

A Facilities for surgery

B Facility for Electro Cardiogram (ECG)

C Facilities for conducting research

D Facility for X-Ray

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Given that the consumption function is 500 + 0.8Y and the investment expenditure is ₹5000cr. Calculate the equilibrium level of income

A ₹10,000 cr

B ₹45,000cr

C ₹27,500cr

D ₹22,500cr

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Sale of software services abroad is classified under which segment of balance of payment:

A Current account Debit side

B Current account Credit side

C Capital account Debit side

D Capital account Credit side

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

Difference between the value of exports & the value of imports of goods of a country in a given period of time is called as:

A Net of Non - Factor Income

B Net of Factor Income

C Balances of Invisibles

D Balance of Trade

When consumption is greater than income, then which of the following concepts is negative in value?

- A Marginal propensity to consume
- B Marginal propensity to save
- C Average propensity to consume
- D Average propensity to save

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## **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS Question:

Receipt of loans from abroad is classified under:

- A Credit side of Capital Account
- B Debit side of Current Account
- C Credit side of Capital account
- D Debit side of Current Account

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

Which concept has the features of non-rival and non- excludable?

A Private goods

B Public goods

C Giffen goods

D Luxury goods

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Government has allocated ₹85cr for the scheduled class and other backward classes for the year 2020-21 and ₹53,700cr for the scheduled tribes. What objective of government budget has been highlighted in the above lines?

- A Reallocation of resources
- B Reduction in income inequalities
- C Price stability
- D Economic growth

#### Passage:

Read the following case study and answer question based on it.

Commercial banks mediate between individuals or firms with excess funds and lend to those who need funds. People with excess funds can keep their funds in the form of deposits in banks and those who need funds, borrow funds in form of home loans, crop loans etc. People prefer to keep money in banks because banks offer two pay some interest on any deposits made. Also it may be safer to keep excess funds in a bank rather than at home, in the modern context, given cheques and debit cards, having a demand deposit makes transactions more convenient and safer, even when they do not earn any interest. (Imagine having to pay a large amount in cash-for purchasing a house.)

What does the bank do with the funds that have been deposited with it? Assuming that not everyone who has deposited funds with it will ask or their funds back at the same time, the bank can loan these funds to someone who needs the funds at interest (of course, the bank has to sure it will get the funds back at the required time). So the bank will typically retain a potion of the funds to repay depositors whenever they demand their funds back, and loan the rest. Since banks earn interest from owns they make, and bank would like to lend the maximum possible. However, being able to repay depositors on demand us crucial to the bank's survival. Depositors would keep their funds in a bank only if they are fully confident of getting them back on demand. A bank must, therefore balance its lending activities so as to ensure that sufficient funds are available to repay any depositor on demand.

#### Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Which institution is the money creating system of the economy?

A Central bank

B Commercial banks

C Financial institutions

D Mutual Funds

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Identify the function the commercial Banks

- A. accepting deposits from the public
- B. issuing currency of the country
- C. banks is the government
- D. advancing loans
- E. controlling money supply

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- A B and C only
- B A and E only
- C A and D only
- D B, C and E only

**Section Name:**ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

**Question:** 

The difference in the interest rate paid by the commercial banks to depositors and the rate charged from the borrowers is called

A Profit

B Credit creation

C Reserve money

D Spread

# 1

## **CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER**

#### Question:

Match list I with list II

List I - Term	List II - Meaning		
A. Demonetisation	I. Have a fixed period of maturity		
B. High powered money	II. Chequable deposits		
C. Demand Deposits	III. Currency issued by the Central Bank		
D. Time Deposits	IV. Stripping the currency of its legal status		

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A	A-II,	B-I,	C-III	, D-IV
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Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

The percentage of deposits every commercial bank must keep with the Central bank is called:

- A Cash Reserve Ratio
- B Statutory liquidity Ratio
- C Legal Tender
- D Fiat Money

#### Passage:

Read the following case study carefully and answer the question based on it.

The National Education Policy 2020 states that world is undergoing rapid changes in the knowledge landscape, with various dramatic scientific and technological advances, such as the rise of big data, machine learning and artificial intelligence, many unskilled jobs worldwide may be taken over by machines, while the need for a skilled workforce, particularly involving mathematics, computer science, and data science, in conjunction with multidisciplinary abilities across the sciences and social sciences, and humanities, will be increasingly in greater demand. With climate change, increasing pollution, and depleting natural resources, there will be a sizeable shift in how we meet the world's energy, water, food, and sanitation needs, again resulting in the need for new skilled labour, particularly in biology, chemistry, physics, agriculture, climate science, and social science. The growing emergence of epidemics and pandemics will also call for collaborative research in infectious disease management and development of vaccines and the resultant the social issues heightens the need for multidisciplinary learning. There will be a growing demand for humanities and art, as India moves towards becoming a developed country as well as among the three largest economies in the world. This policy vision suggests how human capital formation in India will move its economy to a higher growth trajectory based on knowledge landscape.

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Identify the sources of human capital formation

- A. Health
- B. On the job training
- C. Artificial intelligence
- D. Education
- E. Natural resources

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

- A A & B only
- B C and E only
- C A, C & E only
- D A, B & D only

List I - Terms	List II - Characteristic		
A. Physical capital	I. Source of Human Capital Formation		
B. Human Development	II. Treats human beings on a means to an end		
C. Migration	III. Creates only private benefit		
D. Human Capital	IV. Education and health are integral to human well being		

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

A	A-IV,	B-II,	C-III,	D-I
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#### Question:

Which of the following is not one of the reasons for a sizable shift in how we meet the world's basic needs:

- A Voluntary employment
- B Climate change
- C Increasing polution
- D Depleting natural resources

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

India can transform itself into a knowledge based economy by using:

- A Inventory investment
- B Information Technology
- C Multidisciplinary abilities
- D Physical capital formation

Section Name: ECONOMICS/BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Question:

Growing emergence of epidemics and pandemics result in the need for mass vaccination, this is a part of:

A Curative medicine

B Social medicine

C Preventive medicine

D Holistic medicine